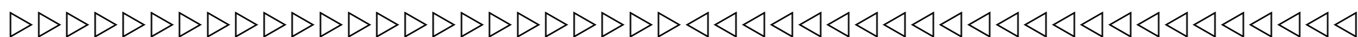


# Safety Data Sheet



## 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION:

**PRODUCT NAME:** Electrodes, Nickel 99 (H500531-RDP)

**SUPPLIER:** Hobart Brothers Co.

2200 Corporate Drive

Troy, OH 45373 U.S.A.

Phone: 937-332-4000

E-mail: [info@hobartwelders.com](mailto:info@hobartwelders.com)

Website: [www.hobartwelders.com](http://www.hobartwelders.com)

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:** 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec CCN11662)

## 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION:

**Emergency Overview:** This product is normally not considered hazardous as shipped. Avoid eye contact or inhalation of dust from the product. When this product is used in a welding process, the most important hazards are welding fumes, heat, radiation and electric shock.

### Classification of the Substance/Mixture

**CLP/GHS Classification (1272/2008):**

**Skin Sensitization, Category 1**

**Eye Irritation, Category 2**

**Carcinogenicity, Category 2**

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure), Category 3**

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure), Category 1**

**EU Classification (67/548/EEC):**

Toxic (T), Harmful (Xn), Irritant (Xi), Carcinogen Category 3, R48/23, R40, R36/37/38, R43

**Hazardous Classification per 29CFR 1910.1200 (Rev. July 1, 2012):**

**Skin Sensitization, Category 1**

**Eye Irritation, Category 2**

**Carcinogenicity, Category 2**

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure), Category 3**

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure), Category 1**

### Labelling:

Symbols:



**Signal Word:** Danger

### Hazard Statements:

H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

H351 – Suspected of causing cancer.

H335 – May cause respiratory irritation.

H372 – Cause damage to respiratory system, eyes, brain and nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary Statements:

P201 – Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 – Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 – Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 – Wash skin and hair thoroughly after handling.

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- P270** – Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- P271** – Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area.
- P272** – Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- P280** – Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
- P281** – Use personal protective equipment as required.
- P302+P352** – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P304+P340** – IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338** – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P333+P313** – IF skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337+P313** – IF eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P308+P313** – IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
- P312** – Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- P314** – Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
- P363** – Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P403+P233** – Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405** – Store locked up.
- P501** – Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:**

Chemical Identity	CAS #	Range %	OSHA PEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH-TLV (mg/m3)	Carcinogenicity	EU Classification (67/548/EEC)	CLP/GHS Classification (1272/2008)	Hazardous Classification per 29CFR 1910.1200 (Rev. July, 2012)
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	1-11	5 ( as CaO )	10	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous	Not Hazardous
Calcium Fluoride	7789-75-5	1-11	2.5 ( as F )	2.5 ( as F )	No	(Xi) R36/37/38	(H315) Skin Irrit.. 2 (H319) Eye Irrit.. 2A (H335) STOT SE 3	(H315) Skin Irrit.. 2 (H319) Eye Irrit.. 2A (H335) STOT SE 3
Iron Oxide	1317-61-9	1-11	15	10	No	(Xi) R36/37/38	(H315) Skin Irrit.. 2 (H319) Eye Irrit.. 2A (H335) STOT SE 3	(H315) Skin Irrit.. 2 (H319) Eye Irrit.. 2A (H335) STOT SE 3
Graphite	7782-42-5	1-11	15 (total dust)	2	No	(Xi) R36/37/38	(H319) Eye Irrit.. 2A (H335) STOT SE 3	(H319) Eye Irrit.. 2A (H335) STOT SE 3
Barium Fluoride	7787-32-8	1-11	0.5 (total dust) 2.5 ( as F )	0.5 (total dust) 2.5 ( as F )	No	(Xn) R20/22	(H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Acute Tox. 4	(H302) Acute Tox. 4 (H332) Acute Tox. 4
Barium Carbonate	513-77-9	5-15	0.5	0.5	No	(Xn) R22	(H302) Acute Tox. 4	(H302) Acute Tox. 4
Bentonite	1302-78-9	1-11	NR	NR	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous	Not Hazardous
Dolomite	16389-88-1	1-11	15	10	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous	Not Hazardous
#Nickel	7440-02-0	63-73	1	1	Yes	Carc. Cat. 3 (Xn) R40 (Xi) R43 (T) R48/23	(H317) Skin Sens. 1 (H351) Carc. 2 (H372) STOT RE 1	(H317) Skin Sens. 1 (H351) Carc. 2 (H372) STOT RE 1

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Iron	7439-89-6	1-11	10 ( as Fe2O3 )	5 ( as Fe2O3 )	No	Not Dangerous	Not Hazardous	Not Hazardous
Sodium Silicate	1344-09-8	1-11	NR	5	No	 (C) R34  (Xi) R37	(H314) Skin Corr. 1B  (H335) STOT SE 3 	(H314) Skin Corr. 1B  (H335) STOT SE 3 

**Important** This section covers the materials of which the products manufactured. The fumes and gases produced during normal use of this product are covered in section 10. The term "Hazardous" in "Hazardous Material" should be interpreted as a term required and defined in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910-1200 and it does not necessarily imply the existence of hazard. The chemicals or compounds reportable by Section 313 of SARA are marked by the symbol #.

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

**Inhalation:** Remove to fresh air immediately or administer oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin:** Flush skin with large amounts of water. If irritation develops and persists, get medical attention.

**Eye:** Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Ingestion:** Obtain medical attention immediately if ingested.

**Electric Shock:** Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires. Immediately contact a physician.

## 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES:

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** In case of fire, use fire-fighting equipment on basis class D. Welding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning material and fire situation.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Not applicable

**Specific Hazards Arising From Chemical:** Nickel/Nickel oxides, Iron oxides, Calcium oxide, Hydrogen fluoride, Carbon oxides, Barium oxides, Aluminium oxide, Silicon oxides, Sodium oxides

**Protective Equipment:** Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus.

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

**Personal Precautions:** Refer to section 8.

**Environment Precautions:** Refer to section 13.

**Cleaning Measures:** Solid objects may be picked up and placed into a container. Liquids or pastes should be scooped up and placed into a container. Wear proper protective equipment while handling these materials. Do not discard as refuse.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Handle with care to avoid stings or cuts. Wear gloves when handling welding consumables. Avoid exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels.

**Conditions for Safe Storage:** Store in dry place in closed packages. Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION:

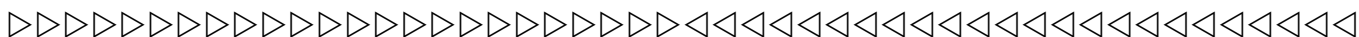
**Engineering Controls:** Avoid exposure to welding fumes, radiation, spatter, electric shock, heated materials and dust. Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both, to keep welding fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area. Keep work place and protective clothing clean and dry. Train welders to avoid contact with live electrical parts and insulate conductive parts. Check condition of protective clothing and equipment on a regular basis.

**Exposure limits:** Use industrial hygiene equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable national exposure limits. The limits defined under section 3 can be used as guidance. Unless noted, all values are for 8 hour time weighted average. For information about welding fume analysis refer to section 10.

**Biological limits:** No available data

**Personal protection:**

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**Respiratory protection:** Use an air purifying dust respirator when welding or brazing in a confined space, or when local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits.

**Hands protection:** Wear appropriate gloves to prevent skin contact.

**EN 12477: Protection gloves for welders**

Requirements (EN Levels)	Type A	Type B
Abrasion (Cycles)	2 (500)	1 (100)
Cut (Factor)	1 (1.2)	1 (1.2)
Tear (Newton)	2 (25)	1 (10)
Puncture (Newton)	2 (60)	1 (20)
Burning Behaviour	3	2
Contact Heat	1	1
Convective Heat	2	-
Small Splashes	3	2
Dexterity	1 (11)	4 (6.5)

Type B gloves are recommended when high dexterity is required as for TIG welding, while type A gloves are recommended for other welding processes. The contact temp (°C) is 100 and the threshold time (seconds) >15.

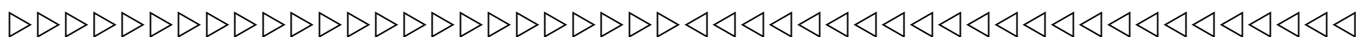
**Eyes protection:** Welder’s helmet or face shield with colour absorbing lenses. Shield and filter to provide protection from harmful UV radiation, infra red and molten metal approved to standard EN379. Filter shade to be a minimum of shade 9.

**Skin protection:** Heat-resistant protective clothing. Wear safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry. Clothing should be selected to suit the level, duration and purpose of the welding activity.

Class 1	
Impact of Spatter	15 Drops
Heat Transfer (radiation)	RHTI 24 ≥ 7 seconds
Process	<p>Manual welding with light formation of spatter and drops</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Gas Welding</li> <li>• TIG Welding</li> <li>• MIG Welding</li> <li>• Micro plasma welding</li> <li>• Brazing</li> <li>• Spot Welding</li> <li>• MMA Welding (with rutile-covered electrode)</li> </ul>
Environmental Conditions	<p>Operation of machines</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Oxygen cutting machines</li> <li>• Plasma cutting machines</li> <li>• Resistance welding machines</li> <li>• Machines for thermal spraying</li> <li>• Bench welding</li> </ul>

Class 2	
Impact of Spatter	25 Drops
Heat Transfer (radiation)	RHTI 24 ≥ 16 seconds

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<p><b>Process</b></p>	<p><b>Manual welding with heavy formation of spatter and drops</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MMA welding (with basic or cellulose-covered electrodes)</li> <li>• MAG welding (with CO2 or mixed gases)</li> <li>• MIG Welding (with high current)</li> <li>• Self shielded flux core arc welding</li> <li>• Plasma cutting</li> <li>• Gouging</li> <li>• Oxygen cutting</li> <li>• Thermal spraying</li> </ul>
<p><b>Environmental Conditions</b></p>	<p><b>Operation of machines</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In confined spaces</li> <li>• At overhead welding/cutting or in comparable constrained positions</li> </ul>

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:**

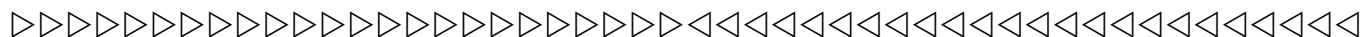
- Appearance:** Solid.
- Color:** Black or Red Brown
- Odour:** Odourless
- Odour Threshold:** Not Available
- pH Value:** Not Available
- Melting Point/Melting Range:** >2300° F, >1300° C
- Freezing Point:** Not Available
- Boiling Point/Boiling Range:** Not Available
- Flash point:** Not Available
- Evaporation Rate:** Not Available
- Self-in flammability:** Not Available
- Explosion limits:** Not Available
- Vapour pressure:** Not Available
- Vapour density:** Not Available
- Density at 20°C:** Not Available
- Relative density:** 6-9 g/cm<sup>3</sup>
- Solubility:** Insoluble in water.
- Partition coefficient:** Not Available
- Auto-ignition temperature:** Not Available
- Decomposition temperature:** Not Available
- Other Information:** No available data.

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:**

- Chemical Stability:** This product is stable under normal conditions.
- Hazardous Reactions:** Contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases cause generation of gas.
- Conditions to Avoid:** Not applicable.
- Incompatible Materials:** Reacts with acid.
- Hazardous Decomposition Products:** When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition product would include those from volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the material listed in section 3 and those from the base metal and coating. The amount of fumes generated from this product varies with welding parameters and dimensions. Reasonably expected fume constituents of this product would include fluorides and oxides of metals such as iron, manganese, nickel, calcium, sodium and silicon.
- Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in section 3. Manganese and nickel have low exposure limits, in some countries, which may be easily exceeded. Reasonably



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**Chronic Effects:** Overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function and eyes. Prolonged inhalation of nickel (Classified 2B by IARC and R by NTP) above safe exposure limits may cause cancer.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

**Toxicity:** Welding rods contain metals which are considered to be very toxic towards aquatic organisms. Finely divided welding rods are therefore considered harmful to aquatic organisms.

**Persistence and Degradability:** The welding rods consist of elements that can not degrade any further in the environment.

**Bio accumulative Potential:** Welding rods contain heavy metals which bio accumulates in the food chain. The following figures are the bio concentration factor (BCF) for the substances on their own.

BCF:

Nickel, BCF: 16

Iron, BCF: 140000

**Mobility in Soil:** Welding rods are not soluble in water or soil. Particles formed by working welding rods can be transported in the air.

**Other Adverse Effects:** In massive form, welding rods present no hazards to the aquatic environment.

Welding materials could degrade into components originating from the materials used in the welding process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater. Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

**Product:** For product elimination, consult recycling companies or appropriate local authority.

**USA RCRA:** This product is not considered hazardous waste if discarded.

Residue from welding consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and groundwater.

**Package:** May be disposed in approved landfills provided local regulations are observed.

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION:

**UN-number:** W82001.

**UN proper shipping name:** Welding rods are not classified as dangerous goods for transport and has no UN proper shipping name.

**Transport hazard class:** Welding rods are not classified as dangerous goods for transport.

**Packing group:** There are not any special precautions with which a user should or must comply or be aware of in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside premises.

**Environmental hazards:** Welding rods are not environmentally hazardous according to the criteria of the UN Model Regulations (as reflected in the IMDG Code, ADR, RID and AND) and/or a marine pollutant to the IMDG Code.

**Special precautions for users:** There are not any special precautions which a user should or must comply or be aware of in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside premises of the welding rod.

**Transport in Bulk According to Annex III MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code:** Welding rods in massive form do not subject under MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code. Not applicable – product is transported only in packaged form.

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## 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION:

**Safety, health and environment regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:** Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when welding and protect yourself and others.

**Warning:** Welding fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other organs. Use adequate ventilation. Electric shock can kill. Arc rays and sparks can injure eyes and burn skin. Wear correct hand, head, eye and body protection.

**Chemical safety assessment:** No

